

Labor Market Review

Statistical data report for March 2011, Released May 2011

Economic Growth Region 3

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Regional and state unemployment rates were generally little changed in March. Thirty-four states recorded unemployment rate decreases, seven states registered rate increases, and nine states and the District of Columbia had no change, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported. Forty-four states and the District of Columbia posted unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier, five states reported increases, and one state had no change. The national jobless rate was 8.8 percent in March, little changed from February but 0.9 percentage point lower than a year earlier.

In March nonfarm payroll employment increased in 38 states and decreased in 12 states and the District of Columbia. The largest over-the-month increases in employment occurred in Texas (+37,200), Missouri (+24,300), Florida (+22,600), North Carolina (+13,900), and Oklahoma (+13,200). Missouri and Oklahoma experienced the largest over-the-month percentage increases in employment (+0.9 percent each), followed by Kentucky and Nevada (+0.7 percent each). The largest over-the-month decrease in employment occurred in California (-11,600), followed by Connecticut (-6,000), Louisiana and Maryland (5,900 each), and Maine - (5,100).

Regional and State Unemployment (not seasonally adjusted)

Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted), March 2011

Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Mar. 2011 Rate	Feb. 2011 Rate	Mar. 2010 Rate
U. S.	153,022,000	138,962,000	14,060,000	9.2%	9.5%	10.2%
Indiana	3,102,418	2,829,840	272,578	8.8%	9.4%	11.4%
EGR3	356,263	323,521	32,742	9.2%	9.7%	11.7%
Fort Wayne MSA	203,533	185,569	17,964	8.8%	9.3%	11.9%
Adams Co.	14,478	13,289	1,189	8.2%	8.7%	12.9%
Allen Co.	172,926	157,598	15,328	8.9%	9.4%	11.8%
Dekalb Co.	19,380	17,458	1,922	9.9%	10.4%	13.5%
Grant Co.	32,954	29,767	3,187	9.7%	10.0%	12.5%
Huntington Co.	18,835	17,090	1,745	9.3%	9.9%	13.4%
Lagrange Co.	14,719	13,331	1,388	9.4%	10.3%	15.4%
Noble Co.	21,042	18,731	2,311	11.0%	11.6%	16.1%
Steuben Co.	15,487	13,846	1,641	10.6%	11.0%	14.8%
Wabash Co.	15,834	14,439	1,395	8.8%	9.2%	12.8%
Wells Co.	13,729	12,552	1,177	8.6%	9.1%	11.0%
Whitley Co.	16,879	15,420	1,459	8.6%	9.3%	13.2%

State Release Date 4/19/2011

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Economic Growth Region (EGR) 3

includes Adams, Allen, DeKalb, Grant, Huntington, Lagrange, Noble, Steuben, Wabash, Wells, and Whitley Counties.



Indiana and Surrounding States Unemployment, Seasonally Adjusted, March 2011

State	Rate
Illinois	8.8%
Indiana	8.5%
Kentucky	10.2%
Michigan	10.3%
Ohio	8.9%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rate Ranking (High to Low)

Rank Mar. 2011	County	Rate Mar. 2011
12	Noble	11.0
22	Steuben	10.6
29	Dekalb	9.9
35	Grant	9.7
43	Lagrange	9.4
45	Huntington	9.3
49	Allen	8.9
56	Wabash	8.8
60	Wells	8.6
61	Whitley	8.6
66	Adams	8.2

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change), Unadjusted Percent Change to March 2011 from:

CPI Item	Mar-10	Feb-11	Mar-10'	Feb-11'
	<i>Midwest Region*</i>		<i>U.S. City</i>	
All Items	2.7%	0.9%	2.7%	1.0%
Food & Beverages	2.8%	0.8%	2.8%	0.6%
Housing	0.8%	0.2%	0.8%	0.2%
Apparel	-2.8%	1.3%	-0.6%	2.5%
Transportation	9.5%	3.6%	9.8%	3.9%
Medical Care	3.0%	-0.1%	2.7%	0.2%
Recreation	0.3%	-0.4%	-0.1%	0.1%
Education & Communication	1.4%	-0.1%	1.1%	0.0%
Other Goods & Services	1.7%	0.1%	1.8%	0.1%

Note: CPI-U- Consumer Price Index-Urban

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Expenditure categories are not available on a regional basis. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Claims for Region 3

Week End >>	3/5/2011	3/12/2011	3/19/2011	3/26/2011
<u>Initial Claims</u>				
Region 3	606	548	562	529
Indiana	5,374	4,746	4,219	4,521
<u>Continued Claims</u>				
Region 3	9,484	9,112	8,749	8,343
Indiana	78,434	76,519	73,621	70,588
<u>Total Claims</u>				
Region 3	10,090	9,660	9,311	8,872
Indiana	83,808	81,265	77,840	75,109

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

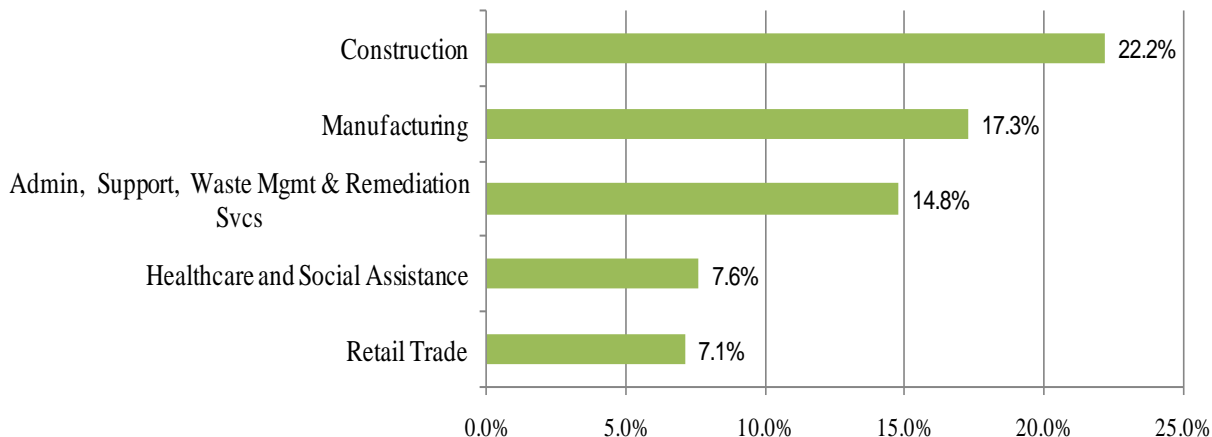
WARN Notices for Region 3, March 2011

Company	City	County	Affected Workers	Notice Date
There are no warn notices for Region 3				

Source: Hoosiers by the Numbers, WARN Notices, Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, March 2011.

Percentage of Unemployment Claims for Top Five Industries in EGR 3, Feb 2011

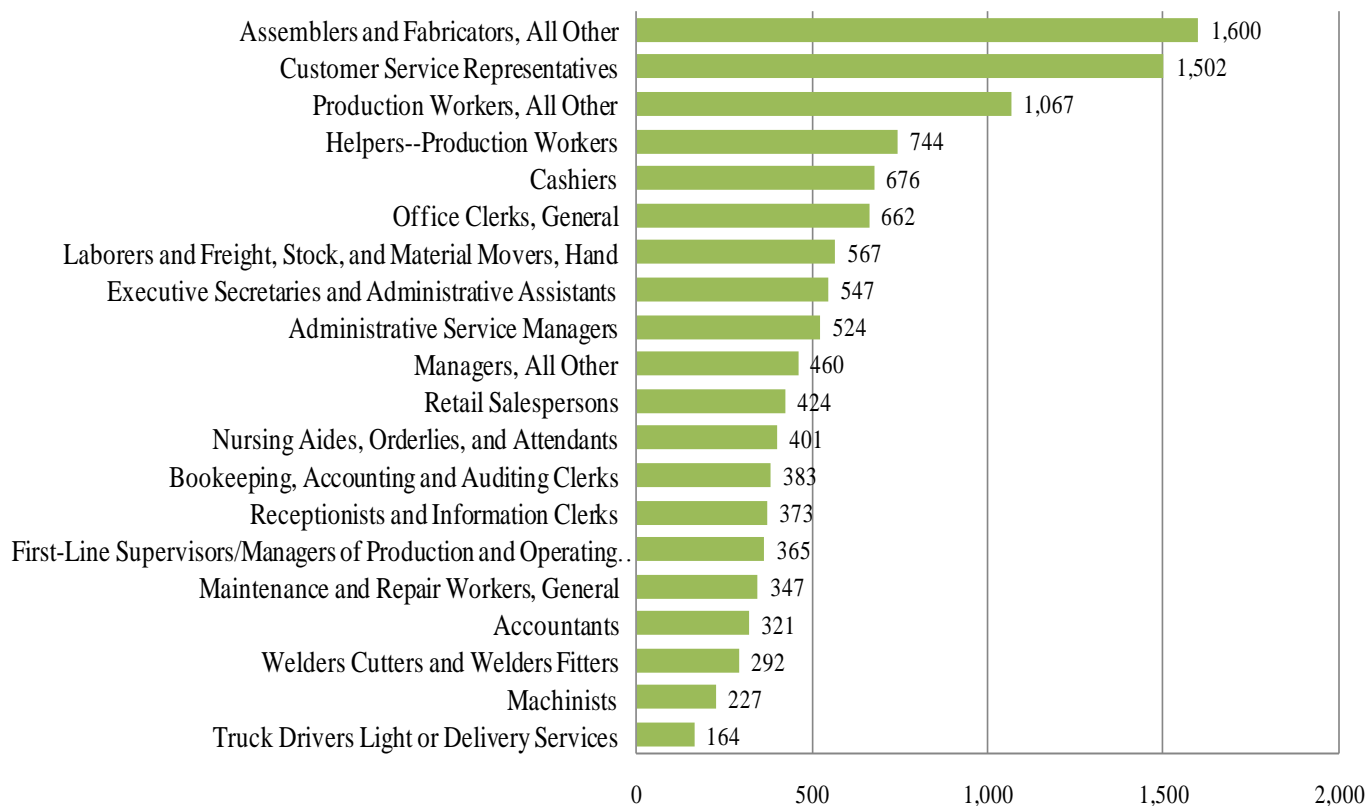
Distribution as a Percent of Total



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

Applicant Pool: Top Twenty Occupations Desired by Active Applicants on their Resumes in the Past Twelve Months

Region 3 Applicant Pool



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect Database, 4/19/2011

Fort Wayne MSA

The Fort Wayne MSA
includes: Allen, Huntington,
and Wells Counties.

Wage and Salaried Employment, March 2011

				Number Change	Percent Change	Number Change	Percent Change
Industry	Mar-11	Feb-11	Mar-10	2/11-3/11	2/11-3/11	3/10-3/11	3/10-3/11
Total Nonfarm	201,400	198,800	196,900	2,600	1.3%	4,500	2.3%
Total Private	179,100	176,800	174,100	2,300	1.3%	5,000	2.9%
Goods Producing	42,500	40,800	38,400	1,700	4.2%	4,100	10.7%
Service Providing	158,900	158,000	158,500	900	0.6%	400	0.3%
Private Service Providing	136,600	136,000	135,700	600	0.4%	900	0.7%
Mining, Logging and Construction	8,900	8,400	7,700	500	6.0%	1,200	15.6%
Manufacturing	33,600	32,400	30,700	1,200	3.7%	2,900	9.5%
Durable Goods	24,800	23,900	22,500	900	3.8%	2,300	10.2%
Computer	4,900	4,800	4,700	100	2.1%	200	4.3%
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	5,400	5,400	4,600	0	0.0%	800	17.4%
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	40,700	40,600	40,800	100	0.3%	-100	-0.3%
Wholesale Trade	10,700	10,800	11,000	-100	-0.9%	-300	-2.7%
Retail Trade	20,800	20,700	20,900	100	0.5%	-100	-0.5%
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	9,200	9,100	8,900	100	1.1%	300	3.4%
Information	3,100	3,100	3,100	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Financial Activities	11,300	11,300	11,400	0	0.0%	-100	-0.9%
Professional and Business Services	20,300	20,100	19,500	200	1.0%	800	4.1%
Education and Health Services	36,100	36,100	35,900	0	0.0%	200	0.6%
Leisure and Hospitality	17,800	17,400	17,500	400	2.3%	300	1.7%
Food Services and Drinking Places	15,100	14,800	15,000	300	2.0%	100	0.7%
Other Services	7,300	7,400	7,500	-100	-1.4%	-200	-2.7%
Government	22,300	22,000	22,800	300	1.4%	-500	-2.2%
Federal Government	2,000	2,000	2,100	0	0.0%	-100	-4.8%
State Government	4,000	3,900	3,800	100	2.6%	200	5.3%
State Government Educational Services	3,000	3,000	2,800	0	0.0%	200	7.1%
State Government Excluding Education	1,000	1,000	1,000	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Local Government	16,300	16,100	16,900	200	1.2%	-600	-3.6%
Local Government Educational Services	9,600	9,500	10,300	100	1.1%	-700	-6.8%
Local Government excluding Educational Services	6,600	6,500	7,000	100	1.5%	-400	-5.7%
Total State and Local Government	20,300	20,000	20,700	300	1.5%	-400	-1.9%

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Current Employment Statistics

AMERICAN TIME USE SURVEY – 2009 RESULTS

Excerpted from www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/atus.pdf

Working (by Employed Persons) in 2009

Employed persons worked an average 7.5 hours on the days they worked. More hours were worked on average, on weekdays than on weekend days – 7.9 compared with 5.0 hours.

On the days that they worked, employed men worked 56 minutes more than employed women. This difference partly reflects women's greater likelihood of working part time. However, even among fulltime workers (those usually working 35 hours or more per week), men worked longer than women – 8.3 hours compared with 7.5 hours.

Many more people worked on weekdays than on weekend days; that is, they spent some time doing tasks required for a job, regardless of whether it was part of their usual work schedule or arrangement. Eighty-three percent of employed persons worked on an average weekday, compared with 35 percent on an average weekend day.

On the days that they worked, 24 percent of employed persons did some or all of their work at home, and 84 percent did some or all of their work at their workplace. Men and women were about equally likely to do some or all of their work at home.

Multiple jobholders were almost twice as likely to work on an average weekend day as were single jobholders – 59 percent compared with 32 percent. Multiple jobholders also were more likely to work at home than were single jobholders – 32 percent compared with 22 percent.

Self employed workers were three times more likely than wage and salary workers to have done some work at home on days worked – 60 percent compared with 20 percent.

On the days that they worked, 40 percent of employed people aged 25 and over with a bachelor's degree or higher did some work at home, compared with only 10 percent of those with less than a high school diploma.

Household Activities in 2009

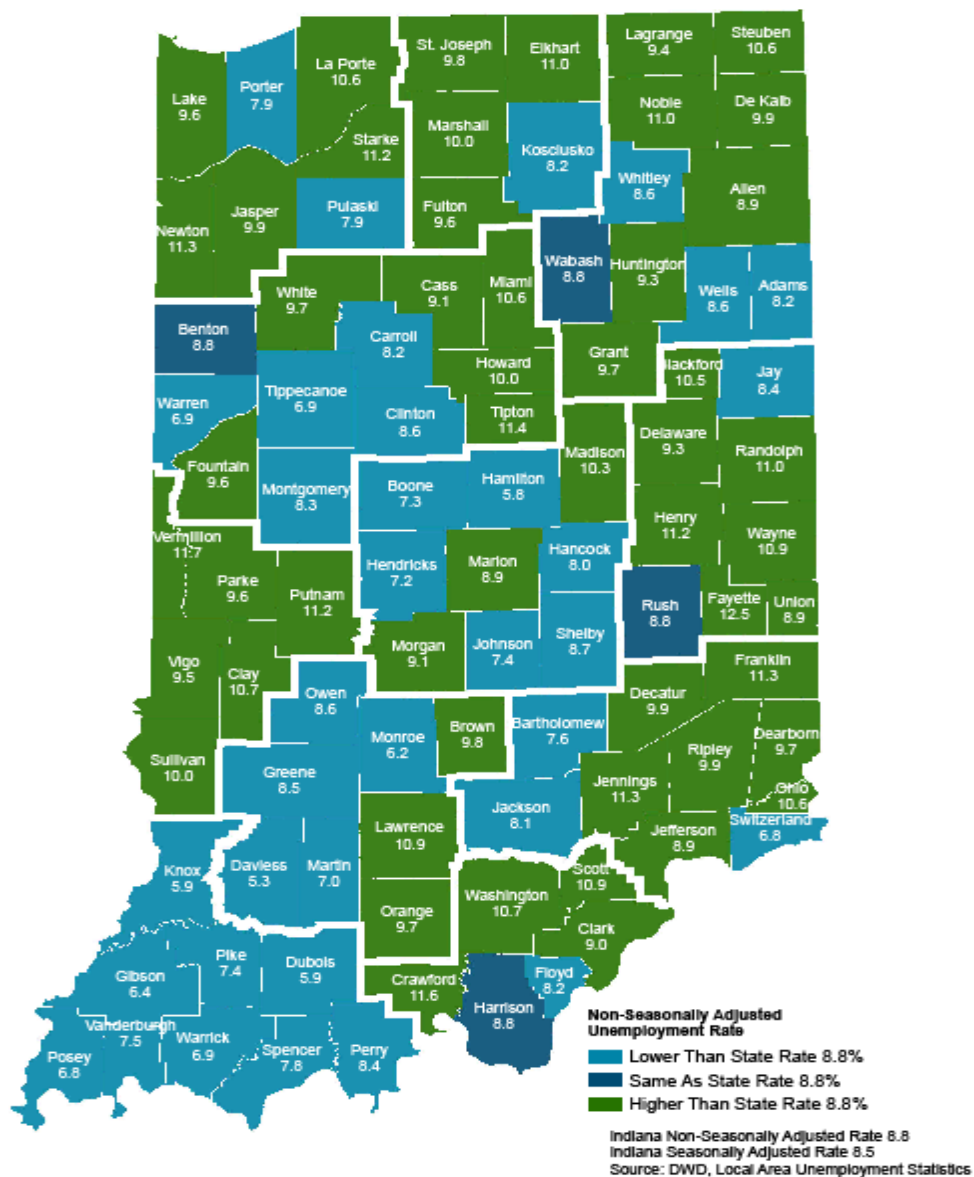
On the average day, 85percent of women and 67 percent of men spent some time doing household activities such as housework, cooking, lawn care, or financial and other household management.

On the days that they did household activities, women spent an average of 2.6 hours on such activities, while men spent 2.0 hours.

On an average day, 20 percent of men did housework – such as cleaning or doing laundry – compared with 51 percent of women. Forty percent of men did food preparation or cleanup, compared with 68 percent of women.

To find about more information on this article please go to: www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/atus.pdf

County Unemployment Rates March 2011 - Non Seasonally Adjusted



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